

The Chairman's Message

Greetings from Capital Sprout!

I am pleased to share the May 24 issue of Capital Sprout's Wealth Bulletin with you. Shri Narendra Modi-led NDA Government has returned to power with no major surprises in Cabinet portfolio allocation. "Old Wine in Old Bottle theory" indicates consistency and continuity in Government policy, not affecting ongoing projects. The government wants to carry on the economic policy that it left before the election which is a matured indicator.

What can be a better topic for this month's bulletin than **the Infrastructure Sector** which has remained close to our PM?

Infrastructure is the backbone of the economy. It is very difficult to achieve comprehensive economic growth without good-quality infrastructure. One of the most crucial reasons countries like the **USA**, **China**, **Singapore**, **and the UAE** have been able to attract significant capital investment is the world-class infrastructure they offer.

The role of Infrastructure in an economy is like a "Kidney function" in human organs. The presence of kidney function might not be felt directly in the human body its absence directly affects the human body function, likewise, advantages of good infrastructure might not be felt directly, but poor infrastructure has a direct impact on economic development.

We can expect a stronger emphasis on infrastructure development as the Shri Narendra Modi-led NDA government returns to power for a third term.

In this analysis, you will find a review of the core components of infrastructure development in India over the past decade and its impact on the capital market.

I hope that readers will find this bulletin valuable.

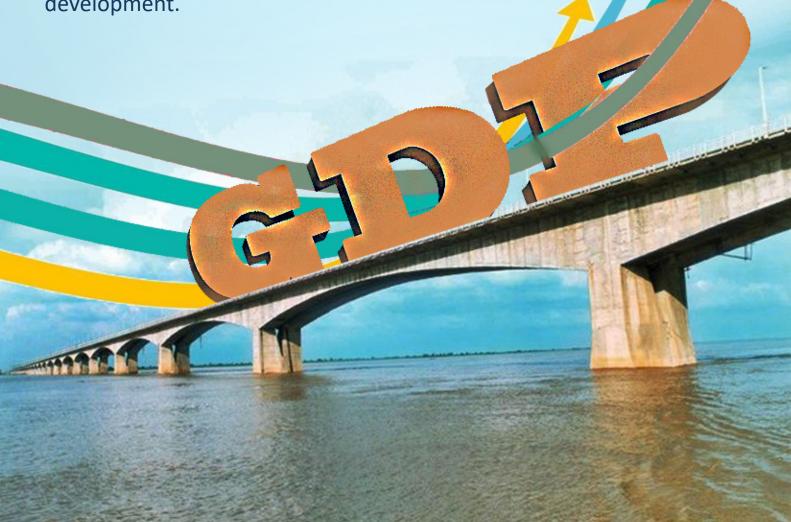
CA DR Rajesh Khandol

Importance of infrastructure in economic development

Infrastructure is the most crucial growth driver of the economy. Infrastructure is the key triggering factor, which fuels economic growth.

Many industrialized nations have experienced major advancements as a result of the huge expansion of their economic and social infrastructure. A robust infrastructure makes the working process easier which boosts productivity. Countries that have developed robust infrastructures have benefited largely over the other countries in terms of attracting investments may it be Manufacturing, Tourism, Healthcare, Agriculture, etc.

The effects of poor infrastructure directly affects the growth of Economic development of the country. Poor infrastructure is a serious obstacle to the development of communities and economic progress. Before 10 years, the lack of good infrastructure was one of the reasons for India's slow comprehensive economic growth. When the NDA government took power in the Centre in 2014, they realized the importance of the Infrastructure sector and focused on infrastructure development.



Infrastructure story of India

The pandemic has significantly impacted the growth of global infrastructure development, with the Russia-Ukraine further derailing war its momentum. Additionally, soaring inflation and borrowing costs have compounded the challenges. However, India 2020, emerged exception. Since India's as an infrastructure spending has shown steady growth despite the global pandemic, geopolitical tensions, and other uncertainties.

Infrastructure has remained the top priority sector of the present NDA Government ever since it took power Central in the year 2014. There can be no better time to analyze how India's infrastructure has changed in the last 10 years.

Core Infrastructure components are analyzed with the help of, facts & figures.

We have divided Infrastructure sector in following

- (1) Construction
- (2) Power & Energy
- (3) Roads, Rail Transportation;
- (4) Ports and airports
- (5) IT & Communication infrastructure



(1) Construction

The construction industry plays a major role in the economic growth of a nation and occupies a pivotal position in the nation's development plans.

India's construction industry employs a workforce of nearly **32 million** and its market size is worth about **Rs. 53.04 Lakh crores**. It is the 2nd largest contributor to the **GDP** after the agricultural sector.





at Gandhinagar

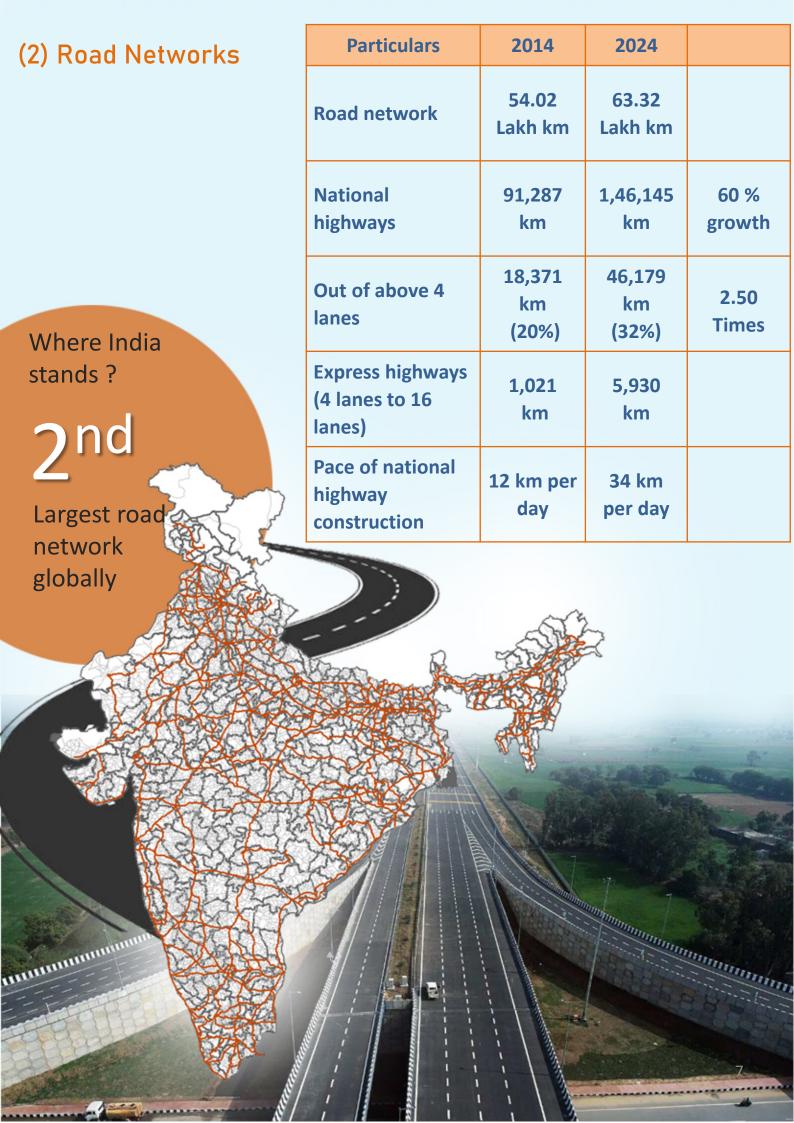
- It is a pre-eminent, futuristic city built on the foundation of sustainability
- Witness the fruition of a vision to create an epicenter for Indian and global financial and IT businesses.
- GIFT City is an emerging global financial and IT services hub, a first of its kind in India, designed to be at or above par with globally benchmarked business districts
- Geographical are: 15.50 SQKM
- GIFT City is a project of national importance and has become an integral part of the India's growth story

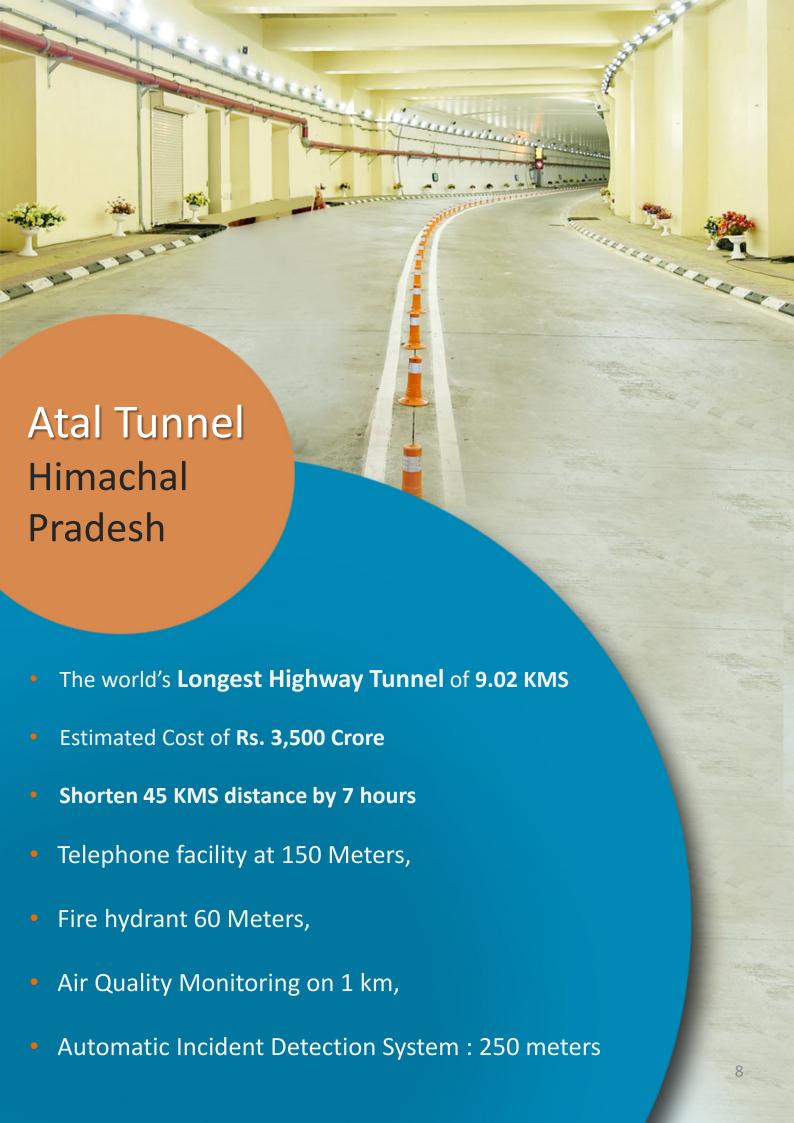
Targeted Sectors

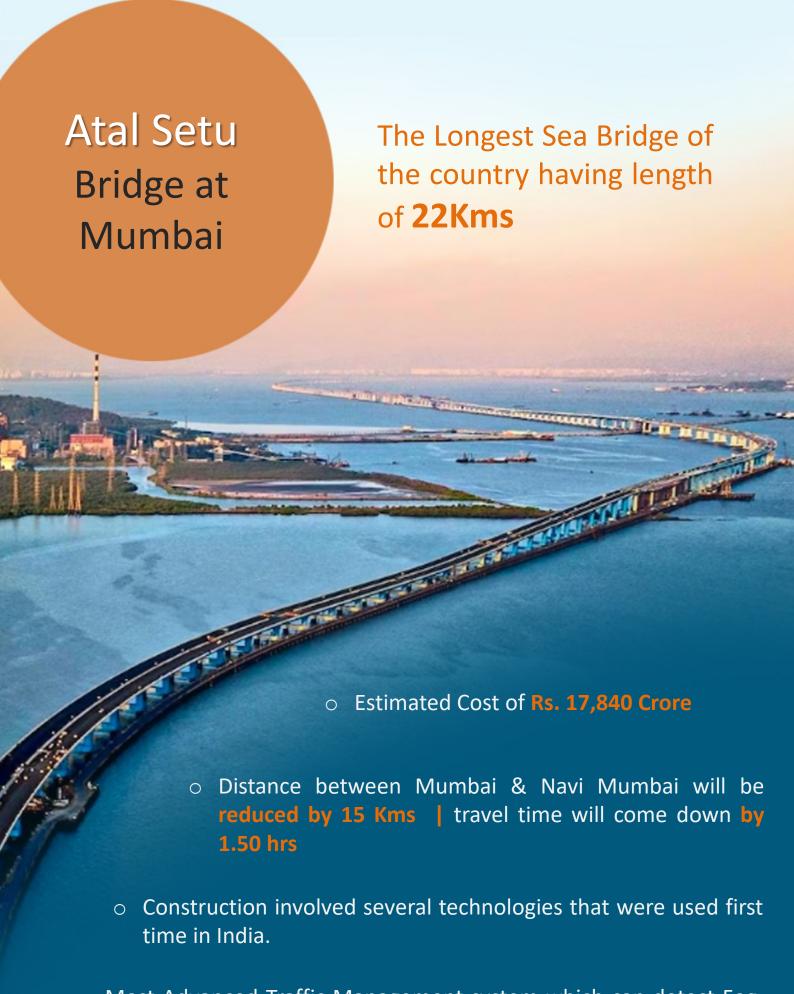
Banking, Finance, IT, Fintech, Capital Market, Biotech, Insurance, Automobiles, Engineering, Pharmaceuticals.











- Most Advanced Traffic Management system which can detect Fog, Low Visibility, Stipulated Vehicle speeds
- Regarded as "Engineering Marvels" by USA & DUBAI



Under Sea Tunnel at Mumbai

The world's first ever Under Sea Tunnel

- o Length 10.50 Kms
- o Estimated Cost of Rs. 13,983 Crore
- Coastal Road between Marine Drive and Worli
- Travel time reduce from 60 Minutes to 10 Minutes
- The undersea tunnel that has 111 hectares of land reclaimed will have 70 hectares of recreational open and green spaces.
- The recreational spaces will consist of jogging and cycle tracks, a butterfly garden and a play area for children.

(2) Rail Networks

| | Particulars | 2014 | 2024 |
|--|--|---------------|----------------|
| | Railway Track Length | 65,8058 Km | 1,28,305 Km |
| | Electrification | 19,989 Km | 63,456 Km |
| Where India stands Globally ? | Vande Bharat Trains(hi-speed Fully Automated Train, In- house Manufacturing Under "Make In India" | 0 | 100 |
| Largest rail way | No. Of Daily Passenger Trains | 9,250 | 13,523 |
| system in the world | No. Of Daily Freight Trains | 7,230 | 9,146 |
| | Metro Network | 248 Km | 945 Km |
| Amritsar Idudhiana Firozoy Chandigarh | City Covered Under Metro | 5 | 21 |
| Gandbidaga Abmedahas Bhopy Jabalaur Dyaliska Dyaliska Veraval Aurangshad Ahmedologae Ratnagiri Kolhapur Kolhapur Kolhapur Waki Secunderahad Vidayawada Panaji Madgson Karwar | Oarliling Guwahati Lumding Silchar Nishakhapatanam Jadavole | | |
| Penambur Bangalore Amigunta Mangalore Mysore Chennal Chennal Mahe Colmbatore Pondicherry Thrissur Kochi Madyral Rameswaram Thiruvananthapuram Kanyakumari | | | |
| | THE STATE OF THE S | | |

Vande Bharat Hi-speed Trains

- More than 100 Vande Bharat Trains are operational.
- 100% manufacturing of India under "Make-in-India"
- A revolution in Railway infrastructure.
- Enhanced safety features, faster acceleration, improved passenger amenities



Chenab Railway Bridge

Above Chenab River Jammu & Kashmir

The Highest Railway Bridge in the world. (Taller than the Eiffel Tower)

At the height of 1,178 feet (359 meters)





Modernization 1,318 Railway Stations with world-class facilities under the "Amrit Bharat Station Scheme". Electrification 94% Broad gauge Route KMS

Where India stands Globally?

3 Contact Aviation market

(3) Air Ways

The civil aviation industry in India has emerged as one of the fastest-growing industries in the country during the last three years A rising proportion of middle-income house holds, healthy competition amongst Low-Cost Carriers, infrastructure built up at leading airports and supportive policy framework has given a positive push to the aviation sector

| Particulars Particulars | 2014 | 2024 |
|----------------------------|------------|-------------|
| No. Of airports | 74 | 158 |
| International air ports | 12 | 33 |
| No. Of domestic passengers | 60 million | 154 million |
| Number of daily flights | | |
| > Domestic | 2,452 | 3,051 |
| International | 402 | 1,144 |



(4) Power, Energy

Where India
stands Globally?

Largest Power
producer in the
world

| Particulars | 2014 | 2024 |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Power Units Generation | 1,020.20 Billion Units | 1,624.15 Billion Units |
| Total Installed Capacity | 245.25 Gw | 417.67 Gw |
| Renewable Energy Installed Capacity | 4.10 Gw | 18.48 Gw |
| Power Deficit / Surplus | Power Deficit Of 15% | Surplus Power |

Spread in 14,000 Acres (56 Square KMS)

Installed Capacity: 2,245 GW.

"Bhadla" solar park at Rajasthan is the largest solar park of the world



| | FY 2022-23 | | Capital market data (As Of 18-06-2024) | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|------------|
| Name Of Company | Turnover [Amt In INR Crore] | Net Profit Amt In INR Crore] | Current Price | Market Cap [Amt In INR Crore] | P/ E Ratio |
| Larsen & Toubro Limited | 221,113 | 15,547 | 3,689 | 5,07,250 | 39.30 |
| Rail Vikas Nigam Limited | 21,733 | 1,463 | 396 | 82,630 | 56.50 |
| GMR Airports Infra. Limited | 8,755 | -828 | 97.8 | 59,068 | 0.00 |
| IBR Infrastructure Limited | 7,409 | 606 | 66.6 | 40,244 | 66.40 |
| NBCC (India) Ltd | 10,433 | 414 | 158 | 28,469 | 53.40 |
| Ircon International Limited | 12,331 | 930 | 274 | 25,780 | 27.70 |
| Waaree Renewable Technologies Limited | 876 | 148 | 2,023 | 21,074 | 142.00 |
| HFCL Ltd | 4,465 | 338 | 124 | 17,939 | 54.40 |
| Rites Limited | 2,453 | 495 | 710 | 17,055 | 37.40 |
| GR Infraprojects limited | 8,980 | 1,323 | 1,708 | 16,530 | 15.20 |



Top 5 Infrastructure Sector Mutual Funds

| Name Of Fund | Aum (In Crore) | | Net Inflow | Historical CAGR Return (IN %) | | | |
|---|----------------|----------|---------------|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | May-21 | May-24 | (In Crore) | 1 Y r | 3Yr | 5Yr | 10Yr |
| Nippon India Power & Infra Fund | 1,438.09 | 5,697.01 | 4,258.92 | 79.42 | 39.91 | 29.52 | 17.08 |
| ICICI Prudential Infrastructure Fund | 1,516.05 | 5,034.14 | 3,518.09 | 68.3 | 39.58 | 29.33 | 17.4 |
| Quant Infrastructure Fund | 26.36 | 3,564.61 | 3,538.25 | 79.88 | 36.52 | 37.51 | 20.33 |
| SBI Infrastructure Fund | 623.25 | 3,087.55 | 2,464.30 | 64.94 | 33.94 | 27.13 | 17.73 |
| HSBC Infrastructure Fund | 100.08 | 2,620.55 | 2,520.47 | 70.21 | 36.53 | 26.51 | 18.25 |
| Total | | | 16,300.03 | | | | |

Rs. 16,300 crore fresh funds have been invested in above only 5 Mutual Funds schemes in the last 3 years. CAGR returns generated by the above infrastructure funds are also an indicator of how the infrastructure sector is performing.

Conclusion

India stands as a paramount example of rapid economic growth, with its vast population, diverse culture, and strategic global positioning. But to sustain and accelerate this momentum, robust infrastructure development is crucial. There can be no better place than India in the world to invest in Infrastructure Sector. Last 10 years have just unleashed India's infrastructure potential may it be Construction, Road & Rail network, Air & Water network, Power & Infra, IT & Digital infrastructure and whats not.

Like any opportunity, infrastructure comes with its challenges. It is one of the most complex sectors of the economy, facing more obstacles than many others. Political and regulatory risks, land acquisition issues, environmental impacts, and the need for huge capital investments are some of the challenges the infrastructure sector faces. However, some players perform best in adverse circumstances. India is one such player, showing the world that despite the global challenges of the past five years, it has not only been resilient but has also emerged as a leader.

So what future lies ahead for India in Infrastructure!! In one sentence, THE JOUNREY OF INFRASTRUCTURE HAS JUST BEGUN IN INDIA. Whatever we have seen in last 10 years in was just a TRAILOR. Infrastructure sector in India has got what it is required, "Pro Infra Government Policy. Infra supportive Government & Infrastructure are like best life partners. India will definitely achieve dream of our Prime Minister of becoming the Developed economy by 2047 if it is supported by current speed of Infrastructure Development.















Performances



| Indices | 01 st May, 2024 | 31 st May, 2024 | High | Low |
|----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| BSE S&P SENSEX | 74,391.73 | 73,961.31 | 76,009.68 | 71,866.01 |
| NIFTY 50 | 22,567.85 | 22,530.70 | 23,110.80 | 21,821.05 |

Mutual Fund

AUM Data of Mutual Fund for the Month of May 2024

(INR. In Lakh Crore)

| Particulars | AUM As On 30-04-2024 | Fresh Fund Mobilize During May– 24 | Redemption During May-24 | AUM As On 31-05-2024 |
|---|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Total AUM of all mutual funds scheme | 57.53 | 9.89 | 8.77 | 58.65 |
| AUM of equity oriented (growth) schemes | 25.06 | 0.71 | 0.37 | 25.40 |

Source: Association of Mutual Fund of India (AMFI)

Performances

SIP Contribution

(INR. In Crore)

| Year | SIP Contribution | SIP AUM |
|----------|---------------------|-----------|
| May-2024 | 20,904 | 11,52,801 |

FII & DII Inflow/Outflow Position

FII's selling in the month of May-24 is 0.42 Lakh. DII's Buying in the month of May-24 is 0.56 Lakh.

Inflow/Outflow position in the month of May 2024

(INR. In Crore)

| FII /DII | Gross Purchase | Gross Sale | Net |
|----------|----------------|------------|------------|
| FII | 3.81 Lakh | 4.24 Lakh | (0.42)Lakh |
| DII | 2.91 Lakh | 2.36 Lakh | 0.56 Lakh |

